Improved Enzyme Designs -since last RosettaCon

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Flow chart of computational enzyme design for multi-step reaction









Catalytic motifs used in designs



Diversification of transition state



^a. all torsion angles take their starting values from the QM lowest energy TS model of the R-enantiomer based on the QM caculation for C-C bond-breaking step

Diversification of side-chains



	ideal value	deviation	# of conformations
d	1.3Å	+/-0.2Å a	1
θ_1	125°	+/ - 5° a	1
θ_2	120°	+/-5° a	1
χ1	180° b	+/ - 10°	3
χ ₂	0°,180° b	+/-10°	6
χ3	0° °	every 60°	6
	(1 20 d		
χ_1	64.3° °	+/-/.6°	
χ2'	178.9° °	+/-8.1°	
χ3'	177.5° d	+/-10.0°	
χ4'	-179.2° d	+/ - 9.6°	
χ1' -	X4'		28x81 ^e
all			244,944

Flow chart of computational enzyme design for multi-step reaction



Precalculate Active Site Grid in Scaffold Proteins



-high resolution structures-binding pocket

Andrew Wollacott

Flow chart of computational enzyme design for multi-step reaction



Generation of active site description: the transition state model and functional group positioning



Placement of first catalytic sidechain rotamers



Placement of an ensemble of TS models



Placement of second catalytic sidechain rotamers



Placement of an ensemble of TS models



Placement of third catalytic sidechain rotamers



Placement of an ensemble of TS models



Identification of overlap among TS ensembles by hashing



Identification of overlap among TS ensembles by hashing





Flow chart of computational enzyme design for multi-step reaction



Optimization of TS and catalytic side-chains orientation



Flow chart of computational enzyme design for multi-step reaction



Design model RA46 on indole-3-glycerol phosphate synthase scaffold





1. Hydrogen Bonding Satisfied 2. SASA optimized

Flow chart of computational enzyme design for multi-step reaction



Schiff-base formation and enzyme activity for different catalytic sites



Moti f	Catalytic lysine environment	Carbinolamine stabilization	Proton abstraction	# tested	# forming enaminone	# active designs	Rate enhancement
Ι	Polar	-	Lys/Asp dyad	12	2	0	
II	Hydrophobic	-	Tyr	9	1	0	
III	Hydrophobic	H-bond acceptor/donor	His/Asp dyad	13	10	10	$10^2 \sim 10^3$
IV	Hydrophobic	Water, H-bond acceptor	Water	38	20	22	10 ³ ~10 ⁴

Progress Curves Aldolase Design



Determination of Kinetic Parameters



Determination of Kinetic Parameters

Design	$k_{cat} (x 10^{-3} min^{-1})$	$K_{M} (\mu M)$	$k_{cat}/K_{M} (M^{-1}s^{-1})$	k_{cat}/k_{uncat} *	
RA22	$_{\rm b}3.1 \pm 0.3$	$_{\rm b}480 \pm 130$	$_{\rm b}0.11 \pm 0.03$	$_{\rm b}8.1 \ {\rm x} \ 10^3$	
	$_{\rm s}0.5\pm0.1$	$_{\rm s}450~\pm~210$	$_{\rm s}0.018 \pm 0.006$	$_{\rm s}$ 1.2 x 10 ³	
RA34	$_{\rm b}4.2 \pm 1.1$	$_{\rm b}620 \pm 180$	$_{\rm b}0.11 \pm 0.01$	$_{\rm b}1.1 \ {\rm x} \ 10^4$	
	$_{\rm s}0.6\pm0.1$	$_{\rm s}600 \pm 140$	$_{\rm s}0.016 \pm 0.004$	$_{\rm s}1.5 \ {\rm x} \ 10^3$	
RA45	2.3 ± 0.2	430 ± 48	0.091 ± 0.004	$6.0 \ge 10^3$	
RA46	0.62 ± 0.5	290 ± 60	0.037 ± 0.006	$1.6 \ge 10^3$	
RA60	9.3 ± 0.9	510 ± 33	0.30 ± 0.06	2.4 x 10 ⁴	
RA61	9.0 ± 1.0	210 ± 50	0.74 ± 0.11	2.3 x 10 ⁴	
* k_{uncat} = 3.9 x 10 ⁻⁷ min ⁻¹ (19)			b = burst phase, s = steady stat e		

Comparison between the design model and the X-ray structure (RA22)



Barry Stoddard, Lindsey Doyle

Comparison between the design model and the X-ray structure (RA61)



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10⁴ fold enhancement ceiling

How can we get higher? -What are we missing?

RA60 Saturation Mutagenesis



Ling Wang, Zhizhi Wang

S87W



V178H

A174M

10⁵!!!!

Aldolase Experimental Summary

- 70 of 72 designs were soluble
- Retro-Aldol activity detected for 11 lysine positions across 5 scaffolds and 32 design
- Best activity is 2 x 10⁴ fold rate enhancement
- Atomic accuracy of design process shown by crystal structures

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